

Instruction manual

Temperature transducers AR550 AR580 AR581









Thank you for choosing our product.

This manual will facilitate proper operation, safe use and full utilization of this device.

Thoroughly read and understand this instruction manual before commencing installation and start-up.

Should you have any additional questions, feel free to contact our technical advisers.

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1. SAFETY RULES ો

- read this instruction manual thoroughly before commencing to use this device
- before switching on the power supply, make sure that all cables are appropriately connected to avoid device damage
- ensure suitable operating conditions in line with the device specification (supply voltage, humidity, temperature)
- switch off power supply before attempting any modification of connected cables

2. INSTALLATION RECOMMENDATIONS



The device has been designed to ensure a suitable level of immunity to the majority of disturbances that can occur in an industrial environment. In environments where the level of interference is unknown it is recommended to use the following measures preventing the potential interference of instrument operation:

- do not supply the voltage from the same lines as high power devices without using appropriate line filters
- use screened supply, sensor and signal cables, the screens should be earthed on one end only as close to the instrument as possible
- uavoid laying supply and signal cables directly next to and in parallel to electrical power cables and supply cables
- it is recommended to twist signal cables in pairs
- in the case of resistance sensors with 3-cable connections identical cables should be used
- avoid installing the instrument in proximity to remotely controlled devices, electromagnetic measuring instruments, high power loads, loads with phase or group power control and other devices generating impulse interference
- earth or neutrally ground metal bars on which bar instruments are mounted

3. GENERAL SPECIFICATION OF TRANSDUCERS

- linear processing of the measured temperature to a current or voltage signal
- universal input :
 - thermoresistance ... Pt100
 - thermocouple J. K. S. N. E
- analogue input proportional to the measured temperature
 - current 4+20mA or 20+4mA (2-cable with current loop supply) or
 - voltage 0÷10Vdc (3-cable)
- AR581 current output only
- housing
 - AR580, AR581 for installing on a TS35 bar (DIN bar)
 - AR550 industrial IP65, 94x58x35 mm
- processing range, input type and other parameters configured using the AR950 programmer or the AR956 programming set
- exceeded processing range or sensor error signalled with a LED
- high accuracy and immunity to interference

CAUTION: 4



When configuring transducer parameters using the AR956 programmer, set the following transmission parameters in ARSOFT-CFG WZ1 options:

- COM port number: specified by Windows after the AR956 driver is installed, go to "Device Manager" group "Ports (COM & LPT)", see "Quick start programmers AR955 and AR956"
- transmission rate (bit/s) 2400 bit/s
- MODBUS address = 1

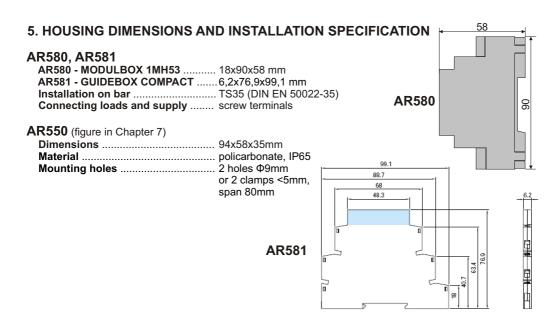
A detailed description of configuration parameters can be found in Chapter 8 (page 6).

4. TECHNICAL DATA

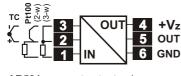
4. IECHNICAL DATA	
Universal input (programmed with parameter)	measuring range
- Pt100 (3- or 2-cable)	-100 ÷ 850 °C
- thermocouple J	
- thermocouple K	
- thermocouple S	
- thermocouple N	
- thermocouple E	
Cold ends temperature compensation	
- programmed with parameters EULY and EULE	see chanter 8 Table 1
Lead resistance for Pt100	
Pt100 resistance input current	
Processing range (programmable)	
- processing range minimum width	Mithin the input measuring range
- measuring resolution	
Current output (programmable)	
- load characteristics	
- output current resolutions	2. 1 (. 0 0 1 1)
- maximum resolution	•
- nonlinearity	
Voltage output (programmable)	
- load characteristics	lobc $< 4\text{mA} \text{ (Robc } > 2500 \Omega)$
- output voltage resolutions	
- rmaximum resolution	
- nonlinearity	
Offset and slope correction	
	and ERLE (sensitivity)
Processing intrinsic error (25°C)	
- for Pt100 input	< 0,2% of the full measuring range
- for thermocouple input	. < 0,3% of the full measuring range
- processing resolution error (%)	± 0,1°C x 100 / processing range [°C]
Additional errors	
- cold ends temperature compensation	
- cables resistance compensation	
- environment temperature variation	< 0,01 % measuring range / °C
Rated operating environment	
- supply (+Vz) - transducer with current output	
 supply (+Vz) - transducer with voltage output 	18÷36Vdc, lobc < 4mA
 operating temperature and relative humidity range 	
AR580, AR581	. 0÷60°C, 0÷ 90%RH (no condensation)
AR550	30÷60°C, 0÷100%RH (no condensation)
Response time (10÷90%)	. programmable within range 350÷1600 ms
Indication of detected errors	
- optical	red LED
- current output signal	. 3,8 or 21 mA
- voltage output signal	
Housing AR580 for TS35 bar (MODULBOX 1MH53)	
- protection rating	IP40 (housing), IP20 (terminals)
Housing AR581 for TS35 bar (GUIDEBOX COMPACT)	dimensions 6,2x76,9x99,1 mm, weight ~20g
- protection rating	IP40 (housing), IP20 (terminals)
Housing AR550 (industrial)	dimensions 94x58x35mm, weight ~100a
- protection rating	
Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC)	
- immunity: wg normy PN-EN 61000-6-2:2002(U)	
- emissivity : wg normy PN-EN 61000-6-4:2002(U)	
Factory setting	see Chapter 8, Table 1
, ,	,

CAUTION - programmable parameters can be configured with the AR950 programmer or the AR956 programming set

- programming port in AR550 can be accessed after the face cover is removed



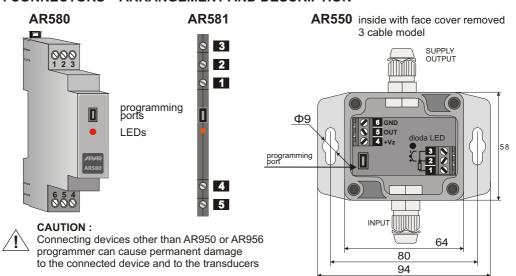
6. DESCRIPTION OF THE TERMINAL BLOCK AND ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS



AR581 - current output only

terminals	descriptions				
1-2-3	Pt100 input, 2- or 3-wire				
2-3	termocouple input TC (J, K, S, N, E)				
4	supply input +Vz				
5	4÷20mA current or 0÷10Vdc voltage output				
6	voltage output ground				

7. CONNECTORS – ARRANGEMENT AND DESCRIPTION



8. PROGRAMMING CONFIGURATION PARAMETERS

All the configuration parameters of the device are stored in the non-volatile internal memory.

When the device is switched on for the first time, an error may occur due to the lack of a sensor or the fact that the sensor that is connected is not one that is factory-programmed. In such a situation, the appropriate sensor or analog signal should be connected or the parameter configuration must be performed.

Methods of parameter configuration via the PR socket (accessible by opening the transparent front cover):

- 1. Use the AR956 programmer and the ARSOFT-CFG software to:
- connect the device to a computer port and to start and configure the ARSOFT-CFG application
- after the connection has been established, the current measured value is displayed in the window of the software
- setting and viewing of the device parameters is possible in the parameter configuration window
- new parameter values must be approved with the *Approve changes* button
- the current configuration can be saved in a file or set using values read from a file

NOTE: /!

- before disconnecting the device from a computer, press the **Disconnect device** button (ARSOFT-CFG)
- in the event of no response:
- in the *Program options* check the configuration of the port and the *MODBUS address of the device* (transmission speed 2,400 bit/s, MODBUS address=1)
- make sure that the serial port drivers in the computer have been properly installed for the AR956 programmer
- disconnect for a few seconds and then reconnect the AR956 programmer
- restart the computer
- if the AR955 programmer is used instead of the AR956 programmer, connect the power supply voltage to the transducer (put it in the current loop)

2. Use the autonomous AR950 programmer to:

- connect the power supply voltage to the transducer;
- use the cable included in the set to connect the AR950 programmer to the device being configured (an AR5xx series transducer);
- the programmer can be connected both before the power supply is switched on and during operation of the device;
- enter the configuration parameters programming mode by pressing (for about 2 s) the **CONF** button until the **CONF** message briefly appears on the display and then the mnemonic name of the first parameter is displayed (**INF**); by pressing the ▲ button, you can move to the next parameter, and by pressing the ▼ button to the previous parameter (**INF** ↔ **Fitt** ↔ **dot** ↔...); a list of configuration parameters can be found in the user instruction of the device being configured:
- in order to change or view the value of the current parameter, press SET (edition of the parameter);
- by using ▲ or ▼, you can change the value of the current parameter:
- by pressing SET again, you can save the edited value and return to the parameter name display (e.g. Filt);
- in the parameter edition mode, by pressing **ESC** for a short time, you can cancel the changes and return to the parameter name display mode;
- you can exit the configuration parameters programming mode by pressing the ESC button for a long time (approx. 1 s); otherwise, the mode is switched off after approx. 2 minutes;
- in the normal mode, the measured value is displayed;

Detailed information can be found in the user instruction of the AR950 programmer.

In the event of indications different than the actual value of the input signal, the zero and the sensitivity of a sensor can be tuned: parameters 7: RLo (zero offset) and 8: RLo (sensitivity).

In order to restore the default settings, use the file with the default configuration in ARSOFT-CFG software.

Table 1. Configuration parameters				Settings		
No	Name	Parameter description		Parameter value and change range	factory	user
0	ınP	input type	RTD	1 = Pt100	F =	
		(sensor)	Thermocouples	■= J, ■= K, ■= S, ■= E, ■= N	Pt100	
1	Filt	filtration level (1)		2 ÷ 15	🖪 = 0,9s	
2	dot	indication resolution (2)		1 = 1°C,	■ =0,1°C	
3	c7FA	cold end temperature compensation type		☐ = automatic, ☐ = fixed, value in acc. with parameter 4	Ð	
4	cJŁE	cold ends temperature		÷	°C	
5	rbot	temperature for 4mA/0V		in the measuring range of input type	⊞ °C	
6	rtoP	temperature for 20mA/10V		in the measuring range of input type	### °C	
7	cALo	zero offset		+000 ÷ 4000 °C or +000 ÷ 4000 units (1)	⊞ °C	
8	cALG	amplificatio	n	-85.0 ÷ 115.0 %	1111 %	

Remarks: (1) - dla File response time is about 0,35s, for about 1,6s. A higher filtering level corresponds to a smoother measurement value and longer response time

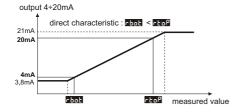
(2) - this applies to displaying data on the AR950 programmer

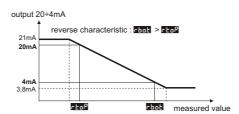
Reverse characteristics can be obtained by setting Fbot > FtoP

for AR553: FEEE = -30.0, FEEE = 60.0

9. OUTPUT CONFIGURATION

Input signal is directly proportional to the measured signal within the range set with parameters 5: abot and 6: Abot. Figures below present the principle of operation of the analogue output.





10. INDICATION OF MEASURING ERRORS

The transducer detects the following measuring errors:

- low or high processing range exceeded
- connected sensor differs from the one set in configuration parameters
- sensor circuit damaged

Indication of measuring errors:

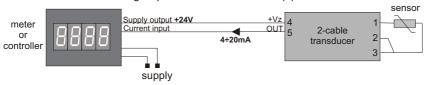
- LFD flashes

11. NOTES

12. TRANSDUCER CONNECTION METHODS

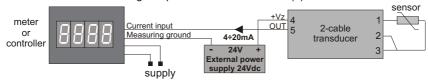
12.1. Connecting the sensor, power supply and output of a 2-cable transducer (transducer supplied from the instrument)

- Pt100 temperature sensor connected to terminals 1, 2 and 3, thermocouples to terminals 2 and 3
- supply cable to terminal +Vs (4)
- instrument current or voltage input cable to terminal OUT (5)



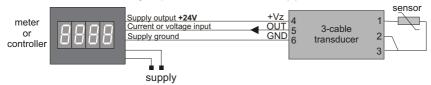
12.2. Connecting the sensor, power supply and output of a 2-cable transducer (with an external power supply)

- Pt100 temperature sensor connected to terminals 1, 2 and 3, thermocouples to terminals 2 and 3
- power supply cable +24V to terminal +Vs (4)
- power supply cable -24V to instrument measuring ground
- instrument current or voltage output cable to terminal OUT (5)



12.3. Connecting the sensor, power supply and output of a 3-cable transducer (transducer supplied from the instrument)

- Pt100 temperature sensor connected to terminals 1, 2 and 3, thermocouples to terminals 2 and 3
- supply cable to terminal +Vs (4)
- instrument measuring ground cable to terminal GND (6)
- instrument current or voltage input cable to terminal OUT (5)



12.4. Connecting the sensor, power supply and output of a 3-cable transducer (with an external power supply)

- Pt100 temperature sensor connected to terminals 1, 2 and 3, thermocouples to terminals 2 and 3
- power supply cable +24V to terminal +Vs (4)
- power supply cable -24V to terminal GND (6), then to instrument ground
- instrument current or voltage input cable to terminal OUT (5)

